Higher Technology Institute 10<sup>th</sup> of Ramadan City Mechanical Eng. Department



Mechatronics Electromagnetic Waves (MTE100) (2016-2017) Summer Course

## Sheet 1

1 Find the vector  $\bar{A}$  directed from (2,-4,1) to (0,-2,0) in Cartesian coordinates and find the unit vector along  $\bar{A}$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{A} = -2\overline{a}_x + 2\overline{a}_y - \overline{a}_z \\ \overline{a}_A = \frac{-2}{3}\overline{a}_x + \frac{2}{3}\overline{a}_y - \frac{1}{3}\overline{a}_z \end{bmatrix}$$

2 Show that  $\bar{A} = 4\bar{a}_x - 2\bar{a}_y - \bar{a}_z$  and  $\bar{B} = \bar{a}_x + 4\bar{a}_y - 4\bar{a}_z$  are perpendicular

3 Determine the smaller angle between

$$\bar{A} = 2\bar{a}_x + 4\bar{a}_y$$
 and  $\bar{B} = 6\bar{a}_y - 4\bar{a}_z$ 

Using the cross product and also the dot product

 $\begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\theta}_{AB} = \mathbf{41.}\ \mathbf{9088^{\circ}}\\ \boldsymbol{\theta}_{AB} = \mathbf{138.}\ \mathbf{09^{\circ}} \end{bmatrix}$ 

4 Given  $\overline{F} = (y-1)\overline{a}_x + 2x\overline{a}_y$ , find the vector at (2, 2, 1) and its projection on  $\overline{B} = 5\overline{a}_y - \overline{a}_y + 2\overline{a}_z$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{F}|_{(2,2,1)} = \overline{a}_x + 4\overline{a}_y \\ \text{Projection of } \overline{F} \text{ onto } \overline{B} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{30}} \end{bmatrix}$$

5 If  $\bar{A} = \bar{a}_x + 2\bar{a}_y - 3\bar{a}_z$  and  $\bar{B} = 2\bar{a}_x - \bar{a}_y + \bar{a}_z$ 

Determine:

- a) The magnitude of projection of  $\bar{B}$  on  $\bar{A}$
- b) The smallest angle between  $\bar{A}$  and  $\bar{B}$
- c) The vector projection  $\bar{A}$  onto  $\bar{B}$
- d) A unit vector perpendicular to the plane containing  $\bar{A}$  and  $\bar{B}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Magnitude Projection of } \overline{B} \text{ onto } \overline{A} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}} \\ \theta_{AB} = 109.1066^{\circ} \\ \text{Vector Projection of } \overline{B} \text{ onto } \overline{A} = -\overline{a}_x + 0.5\overline{a}_y - 0.5\overline{a}_z \\ \overline{a}_n = \pm \frac{\overline{a}_x + 7\overline{a}_y + 5\overline{a}_z}{\sqrt{75}} \end{bmatrix}$$

6 Given  $\bar{A} = \bar{a}_x + \bar{a}_y$ ,  $\bar{B} = \bar{a}_x + 2\bar{a}_z$ ,  $\bar{C} = 2\bar{a}_y + \bar{a}_z$ Find  $(\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) \times \bar{C}$  and compare it with  $\bar{A} \times (\bar{B} \times \bar{C})$ , comment on the result.  $\begin{bmatrix} (\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) \times \bar{C} = -2\bar{a}_y + 4\bar{a}_z \\ \bar{A} \times (\bar{B} \times \bar{C}) = 2\bar{a}_x - 2\bar{a}_y + 3\bar{a}_z \end{bmatrix}$ 

7 Find  $\overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \times \overline{C}$  for  $\overline{A}$ ,  $\overline{B}$ ,  $\overline{C}$  of problem 6 and compare it with  $\overline{A} \times \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C}$  comment on the result

 $[\overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \times \overline{C} = \overline{A} \times \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} = -5]$ 

8 Express the unit vector which is directed toward the origin from an arbitrary point on the plane z = -5

$$\left[\overline{a}_{R} = \frac{-x\overline{a}_{x} - y\overline{a}_{y} + 5\overline{a}_{z}}{\sqrt{x^{2} + y^{2} + 25}}\right]$$

9 Given the two vectors  $\bar{A} = -\bar{a}_x - 3\bar{a}_y - 4\bar{a}_z$ ,  $\bar{B} = 2\bar{a}_x + 2\bar{a}_y + 2\bar{a}_z$  and a point C(1,3,4), Find

(a)  $R_{AB}$  (b)  $|\bar{A}|$  (c)  $\bar{a}_A$  (d)  $\bar{a}_{AB}$ 

(e) a unit vector directed from C toward A

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{R}_{AB} = 3\overline{a}_x + 5\overline{a}_y + 6\overline{a}_z \\ |\overline{A}| = \sqrt{26} \\ \overline{a}_A = \frac{-\overline{a}_x - 3\overline{a}_y - 4\overline{a}_z}{\sqrt{26}} \\ \overline{a}_{AB} = \frac{3\overline{a}_x + 5\overline{a}_y + 6\overline{a}_z}{\sqrt{70}} \\ \overline{a}_{CA} = \frac{-\overline{a}_x - 3\overline{a}_y - 4\overline{a}_z}{\sqrt{26}} \end{bmatrix}$$

10 A triangle is defined by three points A(2,-5,1) , B(-3,2,4) , C(0,3,1) Find

- a)  $R_{BC} \times R_{BA}$
- b) The area of the triangle
- c) A unit vector perpendicular to the plane of the triangle

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{R}_{BC} \times \overline{R}_{BA} = -24\overline{a}_x - 6\overline{a}_y - 26\overline{a}_z \\ \text{Area} = \sqrt{322} = 17.94436 \text{ square unit} \\ \overline{a}_n = \pm \frac{12\overline{a}_x + 3\overline{a}_y + 13\overline{a}_z}{\sqrt{322}} \end{bmatrix}$$